NSC BRIEFING

1 April 1959

## TIBET

- i. The Dalai Lama, who fled southward from Lhasa on 17 March, is expected soon reach Indian border. [ Lucius When when I will be a soon of the south of the south
  - A. He is probably headed toward the large lamasery at Tawang, which is located in Indian-controlled territory in Assam, claimed by both India and Communist China.
  - B. Nehru wants Dalai Lama in the New Delhi area where the two can be in closer touch.
  - C. Should the Dalai Lama succeed in reaching India, Pelping probably will demand his return.

**II.** 25X1C

- A. New Delhi may attempt to ease diplomatic problem with Peiping by

  limiting its support of resistance movement and making a show

  of restricting Tibetan refugee activities to monpolitical affairs.
- III. Peiping is clearly irritated with publicity given the Tibetan revolt by Indian statements.
  - A. China "welcomed" Nehru's statements of non-intervention, but implied further discussion of Tibet in the Indian parliament would be "impolite and improper," and charged Kalimpong is center of rebellion.
- IV. Dalai Lama is spiritual head of Lamaistic branch of Bhuddism, and Buddheefs in receives allegiance from Nepal, Bhutan, parts of North India, northwest China and Mongolia.

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  - A. Non-Lamaistic Buddists in Burma, India, Ceylon, Thailand and Japan will also be stirred by the fate of co-religionists in Tibet.
  - B. Strongest reaction outside India so far has come from Foreign Minister of Malaya who condemned Chinese use of force. Similar reactions have come from the press in Nationalist Chine, Burma, Japan, Philippines, Pakisan and the UAR.
- V. In Tibet, Chicoms have imposed military rule in major cities and communication points.
  - A. Rebel forces--which Peiping claims number "only about 20,000"-continue to occupy parts of southern Tibet and other remote
    areas of Tibet and west China.
    - 1. Actual strongth of rebels probably exceeds Poining's citim.
  - B. No serious fighting has been reported since Chinese Communist forces drove the rebels out of Lhasa on 22 March.
- VI. Peiping's recent statements indicate that the Chinese Communist regime has abandoned its cautious policy in Tibet in favor force to assimilate the Tibetans.
  - A. Peiping has replaced the Dalai Lama "during the time" he is held under "duress" by the rebels with its puppet, the Panchen Lama. (In SHIGATSE round LHASA)

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